

CalARP 101

Presented by

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Agenda

> General CalARP Overview

- New regulated facilities
- RMP requirements
- > CalARP Inspection Examples
 - Plating Shop
 - Power Generation Plant
 - Cold Storage Facility
- Conclusion

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Objectives

> Simplify the CalARP program via specific examples

> Understand the components of a RMP

Recognize the value of a HR/PHA

> RAGAGEP into your inspection walk-through





Title 19 Public Safety

Division 2 California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES)

Chapter 4.5 California Accidental Release Prevention (CalARP) Program Detailed Analysis

Sections 2735.1 – 2785.1





"Regulated Substance (RS)" means **any substance**, unless otherwise indicated, **listed in Section 2770.5 of this chapter**

"Threshold Quantity (TQ)" means the **quantity specified for a regulated substance pursuant to Section 2770.5** and determined to be present at a Stationary Source as specified in Section 2770.2 of this chapter.



CalARP List of RS

CalARP Program Combined¹ List of Chemicals and Threshold Quantities (TQ)

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Table 1 TQs in (lbs)	Table 2 ² TQs in (lbs)	Table 3 TQs in (lbs)
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0		10,000	
Acetone cyanohydrin ³	75-86-5			1,000
Acetone thiosemicarbazide	1752-30-3			1,000/10,000 4
Acetylene [Ethyne]	74-86-2		10,000	
Acrolein [2-Propenal]	107-02-8	5,000		500
Acrylamide	79-06-1			1,000/10,000 4
Allylamine [2-Propen-l-amine]	107-11-9	10,000		500
Aluminum phosphide ⁵	20859-73-8			500
Aminopterin	54-62-6			500/10,000 ⁴
Amiton oxalate	3734-97-2			100/10,000 4
Ammonia (conc 1% or greater) ⁶	7664-41-7			500
Ammonia (anhydrous) ⁶	7664-41-7	10,000		500
Ammonia (conc 20% or greater) ⁶	7664-41-7	20,000		
Ammonium hydroxide (ammonia conc 1% or greater) ⁶	1336-21-6			500
Ammonium hydroxide (ammonia conc 20% or greater) ⁶	1336-21-6	20,000		



"Process" means any activity involving a **REGULATED SUBSTANCE** including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of such substances, or combination of these activities. For the purpose of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.

"Covered Process" means a **PROCESS** that has a **REGULATED SUBSTANCE** present in more than a **THRESHOLD QUANTITY**...



CalARP Processes

Process Representation

Schematic Representation	Description	Interpretation	
	1 vessel 1 regulated substance above TQ	1 process	
	2 or more connected vessels <i>different</i> regulated substances each above TQ	1 process	
	2 or more vessels co-located <i>different</i> substances each above TQ	1 process	
\square	2 vessels, located so they won't be involved in a single release <i>same</i> or <i>different</i> substances each above TQ	2 processes	



Program levels 1 – 3

- > Majority of CalARP facilities in California
- > Offsite Consequence (Level 2 & 3)
- > Similar General Requirements

Program Level 4

Refinery facilities (specialized)
 18 refineries in California



Risk Management Plan (RMP)

> 5-Year re-certification cycle

> RMP Updates

- Within 6 months of MAJOR change
 - Revision of HR/PHA
 - Revision to Off-Site Consequence Analysis
 - Alters Program level
- > Deregistration

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Process no longer covered





Risk Management Plan (RMP)

- > Registration Information
- > Executive Summary
 - Release Prevention & ER Policies
 - Stationary Source & RS
 - Program & Prevention Steps
 - 5-year accident history
 - ER Program

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Planned changes to improve safety





Risk Management Plan (RMP)

- > Offsite Consequence Analysis
- > Alternate Release Analysis (Level 2 & 3)
 - % weight, physical state, quantity released, etc
- > CalARP Management System (Level 2 & 3)
- > Prevention Program Information (Level 2 & 3)
- > Emergency Response Program

Responders vs Non responder

CalARP Program Levels

Program 1	Program 2	Program 3	Program 4				
Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3				
Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3				
N/A	Alternative release analysis 2750.4	Alternative release analysis 2750.4	Alternative release analysis 2750.4				
5-year accident history 2750.9	5-year accident history 2750.9	5-year accident history 2750.9	5-year accident history 2750.9				
N/A	Document management system 2735.6	Document management system 2735.6	Document management system 2735.6				
	Prevent	ion Program					
N/A	Safety Information 2755.1 Hazard Review 2755.2	Process Safety Information 2760.1 Process Hazard Analysis 2760.2	In addition to all Level 3 Prevention Elements, the following are required for Program Level 4				
	Operating Procedures 2755.3	Operating Procedures 2760.3	2762.1 - 2762.10				
	Training 2755.4	Training 2760.4	Safeguard Protection Analysis				
	Maintenance 2755.5	Mechanical Integrity 2760.5	Hierarchy of Hazard Control Analysis				
	Incident Investigation 2755.7	Incident Investigation 2760.9	Process Safety Culture Assessment				
	Compliance Audit 2755.6	Compliance Audit 2760.8	Human Factors Program				
		Management of Change 2760.6	Accidental Release Prevention Program Management System				
		Pre-Startup Review 2760.7	Access to Documents and Information				
		Contractors 2760.12					
		Employee Participation 2760.10					
		Hot Work Permits 2760.11					
	Emergency Response Program						
Coordinate with local emergency responders	Develop a plan and program (if applicable) and coordinate with local emergency reconders	Develop a plan and program (if applicable) and coordinate with local emergency reconders	Must develop a plan and program consistent with				
2765.1	2765.1	2765.1	2765.2				



New CalARP Facility

- > Coordination with the CUPA
 - Establish an approximate timeline of activities.
 - Properly implement the CalARP program
- Conduct initial Hazard Assessment
 - Off-site Consequence Analysis
 - Program level determination
 - RMP complexity

New CalARP Facility

- > If Table 3 RS,
 - Registration & RMP submittal to CUPA
- > If Table 1/2 and/or 3 RS,
 - Registration & RMP submittal to USEPA and CUPA
- > Submittals are prior to RS being above TQ



RMP Review Process

- > RMP Completeness review by UPA
 - Required elements in RMP

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» If deficiencies are noted, facility has 60 days to correct and resubmit RMP



Public Review

- > UPA submits RMP for formal public review
 - RMP made available to the public via website/local newspaper
- > Public has 45 days to comment
- Technical Review/Evaluation Review
 Up to 36 months to technically review RMP.

Facility Name: Top Class Plating

Facility Process: Metal Finishing

- **RS**: Sodium & Potassium Cyanide
- Ouantity: NACN process tanks: 250 lbs/Storage: 300 lbs;
 KCN Process Tanks: 150 lbs / Storage: 200 lbs

Facility Location: Commercial



> Process tanks using RS





> Storage of RS







Chemical Name	CAS Number	Table 1 TQs in (lbs)	Table 2 ² TQs in (lbs)	Table 3 TQs in (lbs)
Picrotoxin	124-87-8			500/10,000 ⁴
Piperidine	110-89-4	15,000		1,000
Potassium arsenite	10124-50-2			500/10,000 ⁴
Potassium cyanide 5	151-50-8			100
Potassium silver cyanide ⁵	506-61-6			500
Propyleneimine [Aziridine, 2-methyl-]	75-55-8	10,000		10,000
Propyne [1-Propyne]	74-99-7		10,000	
Prothoate	2275-18-5			100/10,000 4
Sodium azide (Na (N3)) ⁵	26628-22-8			500
Sodium cacodylate	124-65-2			100/10,000 4
Sodium cyanide (Na (CN)) ³	143-33-9			100

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> Does this facility have a regulated substance?

- Does the facility have enough RS to exceed the Threshold Quantity for regulation?
- > Can we make a Program Level determination?









Program Level 1 Requirements

- The distance to a toxic or flammable endpoint for a worst-case release is less than the distance to any public receptor.
- No accidental releases of a RS where offsite exposure has led to death, injury, or a restoration of environmental receptors.
- Emergency response procedures have been <u>COORDINATED</u> between the stationary source and local emergency responders.



Facility Name: Power Generation (PG)

Facility Process: Energy Generation

- **RS**: 29% Aqueous NH3
- **Quantity**: 8,820 gallon tank = **19,700 lbs NH3**

Facility Location: Commercial

Chemical of Concern: Ammonia (29%)



> Natural Gas Turbine Engine - Generates NOx





> Selective Catalytic Reduction using Aqua Ammonia





Appendix A CalARP Program Combined¹ List of Chemicals and Threshold Quantities (TQ)

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Acetaldehyde	75-07-0		10,000	
Acrylamide	79-06-1			1,000/10,000 4
Acrylonitrile [2-Propenenitrile]	107-13-1	20,000		10,000
Ammonia (conc 1% or greater) ⁶	7664-41-7			500
Ammonia (anhydrous) ⁶	7664-41-7	10,000		500
Ammonia (conc 20% or greater) ⁶	7664-41-7	20,000		
Ammonium hydroxide (ammonia conc 1% or greater) ⁶	1336-21-6			500
Ammonium hydroxide (ammonia conc 20% or greater) ⁶	1336-21-6	20,000		

OSHA – Process Safety Management

This Appendix contains a listing of toxic and reactive highly hazardous chemicals which present a potential for a catastrophic event at or above the threshold quantity.

CHEMICAL NAME		CAS*	ļ	TQ**
Alkylaluminums		Varies	I	5000
Ammonia, Anhydrous	T	7664-41-7	I.	10000
Ammonia solutions (greater			Т	
than 44% ammonia by weight)		7664-41-7	I.	15000
Ammonium Perchlorate		7790-98-9	L	7500







- > What we know:
 - RS 29% Ammonium Hydroxide
 - State TQ 500 pounds
 - Federal TQ N/A
 - OSHATQ N/A
 - Offsite Consequence:
 - Yes
 - PROGRAM LEVEL 2





- > Additional Required Elements:
 - Alternate Release
 Scenario
 - Prevention Program
 Elements

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Program 1	Program 2	Program 3	Program 4		
Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3	Executive Summary 2745.3		
Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3	Worst-case release analysis 2750.3		
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		Pre-Startup Review 2760.7	Access to Documents and Information		
		Contractors 2760.12			
		Employee Participation 2760.10			
		Hot Work Permits 2760.11			
Emergency Response Program					
Coordinate with local emergency responders	Develop a plan and program (if applicable) and coordinate with local emergency	Develop a plan and program (if applicable) and coordinate with local emergency			
2765.1	responders 2765.1	responders 2765.1	2765.2		

Safety Information







> Hazard Review

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- Identifying where systems can fail
- Safeguards used or needed to control or prevent malfunction
- Performed by a team knowledgeable of process.
- Revalidation every 5 years



> Operating Procedures

- SOP's need to address:
 - Initial start-up
 - Normal ops
 - Normal shut down
 - E-Shutdown

- Consequences of Deviation
- Equipment Inspections
- Temp Ops
- Start-up after E-shutdown







> Maintenance

- Preventative Maintenance Inspections
- Industry Accepted Standards
 - RAGAGEP
 - OEM Rec's





> Typical Aqueous ammonia set-ups






Monitoring Equipment for RS







Monitoring Equipment for RS







Safety equipment









Pressure Relief devices: 5-yr service period



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Additional Safety equipment



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- Program Level 2 Summary:
 - Program Level based on OCA
 - Prevention Program requirement
 - 7 prevention elements
 - Documentation!
 - Worst case release scenario & Alternate Release Scenario required for every covered process



Facility Name: Colder Than Ice

Facility Process: Cold Storage

- RS- Anhydrous Ammonia
- Quantity 12,000 pounds NH3



Facility Location: Commercial and Residential

File Notes: Prior violations, but closed



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Amiton oxalate	3734-97-2			100/10,000 ⁴
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Ammonia solutions (greater		l.	
than 44% ammonia by weight)	1	7664-41-7	15000
Ammonium Perchlorate	1	7790-98-9	7500





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- > What we know
 - RS 12,000 pounds Anhydrous Ammonia
 - State TQ 500 pounds (Table 3)
 - Federal TQ 10,000 pounds (Table 1)



- RMP*eSubmit
- OSHATQ 10,000 pounds (1910.119 App. A)
- Offsite Consequence yes.
- Program Level 3!!!



- > RMP Additions:
 - All Program level-2 requirements plus:
 - Additional Prevention Elements
 - Management of Change
 - Process Safety Start-up Review
 - Hot Work Permit
 - Employee Participation
 - Contractor requirement

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N/A	Document management system system 2735.6 2735.6		Document management system 2735.6		
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		Contractors 2760.12			
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	Emergency R	esponse Program			
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> Process Safety Information (PSI)

- Information pertaining to the RS
- Technology of process
- Equipment of the process
- RAGAGEP

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> Process Hazard Analysis (PHA)

Identifying, evaluate, and control the hazards





≻ PHA

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- PHA conducted ASAP during development of CalARP program
 - Prior to RMP submittal
- Team with expertise in engineering, operations, and PHA methodology being used.
- Updated/revalidated every
 5 years





> Mechanical Integrity

- Applies to:
 - Pressure vessels, piping, valves
 - Relief & venting systems
 - Emergency shutdown systems and controls
 - Ancillary equipment and controls
- Establish written procedures to maintain integrity of system!
- Inspection and testing*
 - Follow RAGAGEP and/or Equipment spec's



- > Management of Change
 - Procedures to manage major changes to process
 - Modifications to SOPs, duration of change, etc.
 - All applicable elements need to be updated accordingly
 - SOPs
 - PSI

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Training

> Pre-Safety Start Up Review

- Required when major change occurs – affects PSI
 - New RS or major increase of RS
- Confirms:
 - Equipment and construction meet design specs
 - All safety, maintenance, operating, and emergency procedures in place
 - PHA completed for new stationary sources.

> Contractor Information

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- Requires owner to ensure contractor has good safety standing
- Owner must ensure contractor is trained in all aspects, hazards of process
- Ensure contractor follows safety practices and procedures





> System Walkdown

- Checklist developed specifically for closed loop Ammonia systems!
- A lot to look at. Lets take a closer look





> Machinery Room (IIAR-2)





- > Machinery Room IIAR-2 Ch. 6
 - Ammonia Detection & Alarm Systems
 - Ventilation Systems
 - Emergency/Electrical shutdown controls
 - Eyewash/shower systems
 - Tight sealing doors and openings
 - Well Placarded and labeled

****** Older facilities can present issues (Grandfathering)



> Machinery Room Doors







Ammonia Sensors Low level (25 ppm – 250 ppm)



High level (1-2%)







> Ammonia Sensors – Calibration and Testing





> General RAGAGEP

Main Shutoff Valves / King Valve







> General RAGAGEP

Pressure Vessel Nameplate







> General RAGAGEP

Oil Pot – Dead Man Valves









> General RAGAGEP

Pressure Relief/Safety Valves (Bulletin 109)







> General RAGAGEP

Pressure Relief/Safety Valves







> General RAGAGEP

Diffusion/Deluge Tanks (IIAR-2 Ch.15)







> General RAGAGEP

Ammonia Pipe Markings







> General RAGAGEP

Pipe Markings/Insulation





> General RAGAGEP

• NFPA 704 Placards







> Machinery Room Ventilation:

Purge NH₃ vapor from room

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- Prevents concentration from reaching LFL
- Provides fresh air for personnel

Ventilation



> Machinery Room Ventilation:





> Eye wash stations inside and outside room






CalARP Inspection Example #3

- > General Safety
 - Wind Socks









CalARP Inspection Example #2

- Program Level 3 Summary:
 - Program Level 3 facilities determined by inclusion of OSHA PSM regulations.
 - Prevention Program requirement
 - 12 prevention elements tailored to more complex systems
 - Over-arching organizations (IIAR) that mandate specific standards for Closed-Loop Ammonia Systems.



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Summary

- > Understanding the component requirements of an RMP can simplify the documentation process during an inspection.
- The Prevention Program is the heart of the CalARP program
- > Utilizing/Understanding RAGAGEP can help identify potential issues with system requirements.



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Thank You



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