

Preparing for the ICC UST Inspector Exam

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Why are you here today?

- a) I am a new UST inspector and will be taking the exam soon
- b) I am an existing inspector but cannot pass the stupid exam
- I am involved with training and am researching training resources
- d) I need the CEUs and had 4 hours to kill
- e) Other



Getting Started

- > You will need
 - 23 CCR
 - H&SC
 - PEI 500 / 900/ 1200
 - Title 8 CCR



Do you have the study resources with you now?

a) Yes

b) No

If you answer "No" and you can get them, go now



How this course works

Review of resource material as related to inspector duties

Polling Questions

Audience feedback questions via chat



About the Exam

> Open book

> Use your own resource materials

> 60 questions / 90 minutes



Exam Breakdown

> Inspector Qualifications	= 7%
UST System & Design	= 10%
Inspections & Admin	= 28%
Testing & System Evaluation	= 25%
> Health & Safety	= 5%
> Installation, Closure, Repairs, & Modification	= 17%
Education & Enforcement	= 8%



Reference Materials

Must be bound or in a binder

- > Permanent markings (notes in margins) are allowed
 - Pencil markings are not
 - Separate note pages not allowed

> Tabs on pages allowed, if stapled in place



Title 23 CCR



23 CCR Organization

(and Table of Contents)

- > Article 1 Definitions
- > Article 2 General Provisions
- > Article 3 "New" Tanks
- Article 4 "Existing" Tanks
- > Article 5 Releases
- > Article 6 Repairs & Upgrades

- > Article 7 Closure
- Article 8 Extra Stuff
- Article 9 Extra Stuff
- Article 10 Permits & Licensing
- Article 10.5 Red Tags
- Article 11 Extra Stuff



I have a question about temporary closure requirements. Where should I start looking in 23 CCR?

- a) Article 3
- b) Article 4
- c) Article 5
- d) Article 7
- e) Article 10



Article 1- Definitions

2610 (b)

> List of Terms found in H & SC 25281

2611

Definitions for 23 CCR

Note: Definitions for Red Tag found in 2717



Useful Definitions- 23CCR

- > Existing underground storage tank
- > New underground storage tank
- > Operator
- > Repair
- > Service technician



Which of the following is an "Existing Underground Storage Tank"?

- UST installed on or after July 1, 2004
- b) UST installed prior to January 1, 1984
- c) UST installed on a farm on or after December 22, 1998
- d) UST installed on or after October 1, 2018



Which of the following is not a "New underground storage tank"

- a) 12,000 gallon unleaded fuel tank installed in 2003 at a retail sale location
- b) 500 gallon waste oil tank installed in 1995 on a military base
- c) 10,000 gallon diesel tank installed in 1982 at a trucking fleet operation
- d) 1,500 gallon diesel tank installed in 2001 on a farm



In order to meet the requirements for "Fail Safe," the monitoring system must shut down the turbine pump during which of the following:

- a) Power Outage
- **b)** Monitoring System Failure
- c) Monitoring System Disconnect
- d) All of the Above



Article 2: General Provisions

> Intent of the Regulations

Exclusions from Regulation



Which of the following is subject to regulation as a UST when installed underground and/or below grade?

- a) 1000 gallon buried double-walled waste oil tank
- b) 55-gallon drum of new oil in a basement
- c) 500-gallon LPG tank
- d) 1000-gallon heating oil tank



Which of the following is not included in HSC 25283.5, which specifies the requirements for a basement tank to be excluded from regulation as a UST?

- a) The owner or operator maintains a log of tank inspection results
- All exterior surfaces of the tank can be monitored by direct viewing
- c) The owner or operator conducts daily inspections of the tank
- d) The floor beneath the tank can be monitored by direct viewing



You Should Know

23CCCR 2620 (e)

Own/ops that fail to meet any testing due date must complete the subsequent test at the required interval from the <u>due date</u> of the previous test, not from the date of the overdue test

Test due dates will not shift backward due to late testing

Testing may be conducted earlier than the due date (month), with subsequent testing based off of the early date



Article 3

New UST Design, Construction, and Monitoring Requirements





Article 3- Concepts & Clarification

DW/DW =

- -DW tank
- -DW piping

Not all DW/DW systems are VPH

VPH refers to Monitoring



All VPH systems are DW/DW

VPH ≥7/1/04

VPH- see HSC 25290.1



Article 3 Highlights

Requirements for UST Installation

- Construction
- Monitoring
- Testing

Testing Requirements
Monitoring Program





You Should Know

2630(d)

"All monitoring equipment...shall be installed and maintained such that the equipment is capable of detecting a leak at the earliest possible opportunity."

Citation for two common violations...



2630(d) and Test Boots

Failure to maintain secondarily contained piping to allow liquid to flow into the sump in the event of a leak (i.e., failure to remove test boot)

[CERS 2030040]

Red boot pulled back (violation if not pulled back)





2630(d) and Raised Sensor

Failure of leak detection equipment to be installed, maintained and located such that the equipment is capable of detecting a leak at the earliest possible opportunity [CERS 2060015]





23rd Annual California CUPA Training Conference February-March 2021

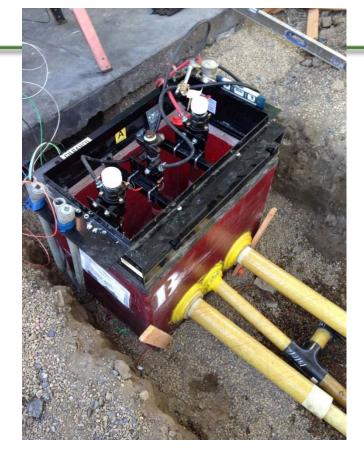
23 CCR 2631

Secondary containment

Tank marking requirements

Striker plates

Secondary containment design, construction, capacity





23CCR 2631

What information must be located on the exterior surface of a new UST?

- a) Engineering standard, capacity, year manufactured, location of manufacturer
- b) Diameter, capacity, construction materials, manufacturer
- c) Engineering standard, diameter, intended storage material, year manufactured
- d) Year manufactured, engineering standard, site address, manufacturer



23CCR 2632

Monitoring & Response Plan- DW/DW systems

- > Also for Article 4 tanks: reference 2641
- > Electronic monitoring program
- Required components of a monitoring program
- > Requirements of a response plan



23 CCR 2632

Which of the following is not a requirement of a monitoring program?

- a) Overfill prevention testing method
- ы Approval by the local agency
- c) Specified in the UST operating permit
- d) Frequency of performing the monitoring
- e) Location where monitoring will be performed (plot plan)



23 CCR 2635

Installation & Testing for New USTs

- Primary and secondary containment: factory testing thru postinstallation tests.
- > Spill containment requirements
- > Overfill prevention requirements
- Certificate of Compliance for UST Installation



23 CCR 2635(b)

Which of the following is a requirement for spill containers?

- a) Capacity of 5 liters
- b) Protected from galvanic corrosion, if made of metal
- c) Has a valve which allows drainage to the sump
- Provides positive shut-off when tank is filled to no more than 95 percent of capacity



You Should Know

Secondary containment requirement on vent and fill riser is dependent on:

- Date of UST install
- Overfill prevention method

Install ≥ 7/1/03 = secondary containment on vent, vapor, and

fill [HSC]

Install > July 1, 1987 = vent and fill must have secondary containment unless they have overfill

methods 2635(c)(1)(B) or (C)



23 CCR 2635(c)(1)

Overfill Prevention Methods

- a) A/V alarm <u>or</u> ball float valve, set at ≤ 90%
- b) A/V alarm <u>and</u> BFV set at 95%
- c) Flapper valve set at ≤95%
- d) Flapper valve set to prevent tank top fittings from contact w/product



23 CCR 2635(c)(2)

Which of the following is not a condition that can allow the local agency to waive the requirement for overfill prevention equipment?

- a) Spill container is adequate to collect any overfill
- b) No more than 25 gallons is transferred to the tank at any one time
- c) Tank inlet is in an observable area
- d) Fill pipe is within a continuously monitored sump



23 CCR 2636- Piping

Design, construction, installation, testing, and monitoring requirements, primary & secondary

Exemptions: suction and gravity piping

Corrosion protection

Includes UDC requirements





A tank system installed in 1995 with pressurized piping uses an A/V alarm set at 90% for overfill prevention. All of the following are requirements for this system except:

- a) Striker Plate
- b) Vent line with secondary containment
- c) Single-walled product piping
- d) Product piping with secondary containment
- e) Line leak detector



2636(f)(5)- Emergency generator systems

An emergency generator system with pressurized underground piping was installed in 2019. All of the following are UST system requirements except:

- a) Primary containment is product-tight
- b) Spill bucket with minimum of 5 gallon capacity
- c) Daily checks of monitoring system
- d) Line leak detector



Secondary Containment Testing

> Timeline for testing

Every 36 months

> Tester Requirements

Service Tech

> Test Reporting

Required form, within 30 days of test

Notification

At least 48 hours prior

Exemptions

VPH, brine/hydrostatic tanks



How often must secondary containment testing be conducted?

- a) Every 30 days
- b) Every 6 months
- c) Every 12 months
- d) Every 36 months



23CCR 2637.1 Spill Container Testing

Timeline for testing

---> Every 12 months

> Tester Requirements

---> Service Tech

Test Reporting

---> Required form, within 30 days of test

Notification

---> At least 48 hours prior

> Exemptions

---> None



23 CCR 2637.2 Overfill Prevention Requirements

- > Timeline for testing ---> Every 36 months
- > Tester Requirements ---> Service Tech
- Test Reporting ---> Required form, within 30 days of test
- Notification ---> At least 48 hours prior
- > Exemptions ---> None



You Should Know

October 2021 is going to be very busy for overfill prevention testing

First testing interval since overfill testing was required

Sites with initial testing after October 2018 (excluding new installs)

- Violation should have been cited at the time
- Due on or before October 2021

per 23 CCR 2620(e)



Section 2638 Monitor Certification

> Timeline for testing ---> Every 12 months

Tester Requirements ---> Service Tech

> Test Reporting ---> Required form, within 30 days of test

> Notification ---> At least 48 hours prior

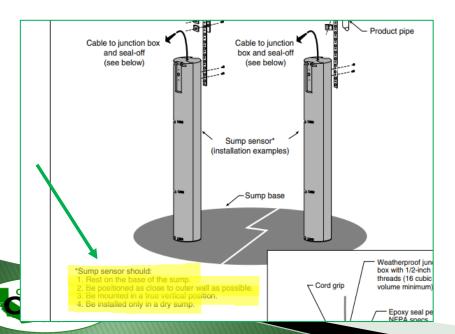
> Stickers/Tags ---> On each component tested



You Should Know

23 CCR 2638(a)

All monitoring equipment...shall be installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's instructions [2030043]





What information is required on the sticker/tag that the service tech must affix to each component tested?

- a) Certification date and tech license number
- b) Certification date, tech name, facility name and address
- c) Tech name and tech license number
- d) Tech name, tech license number, testing company



Which of the following have routine testing intervals of 12 months?

- a) Secondary containment and spill container testing
- b) Monitoring system certification and spill container testing
- Monitoring system certification and overfill prevention inspection
- d) Secondary containment testing and overfill prevention inspection
- e) Spill container testing and overfill prevention inspection



Article 4

Existing Underground Storage Tank Monitoring Requirements

Single-walled systems





You Should Know

- SW UST systems have a sunset date of 12/31/2025
- > This includes SW tanks and/or SWP
- Exempted/excluded piping is not affected by the sunset date

> HSC 25292.05



Monitoring program requirements

- Capable of detecting a release at the earliest possible opportunity
- Approved by local agency
- Written procedure and response plan from 2632(d)

Exemptions

Allows for visual and non-visual methods



23 CCR 2611

Which of the following is an "existing tank?"

- a) 10,000 gallon diesel UST installed in 1992
- b) 800 gallon diesel UST located on a farm, installed in 1986, primarily used for agricultural purposes
- c) 1,000 gallon waste oil UST installed in 1987
- d) 500 gallon heating oil UST located on a farm, installed in 1980



Which of the following is a time during which the monitoring requirements do not apply to an existing UST?

- When all stored substances have been removed and the tank is empty
- b) When the facility has closed, but stored substances remain in the tank
- c) When UST closure has been completed pursuant to Article 7
- d) When removal plans have been received and approved by the local agency



Non-Visual Monitoring- Quantitative Release Detection

- > ATG
- > SIR

Continuous in-tank leak detection (CITLD)



23CCR 2643(a)(1)

Which of the following is a requirement for existing UST sites to use automatic tank gauging as a release detection method?

- a) Tanks must be continuously monitored
- b) Test must be capable of detecting a release of 0.2 gph
- c) Local agency must be notified at least 48 hours prior to testing
- d) Testing must be conducted every 12 months



2643(a)(2)

Which of the following is a requirement for existing USTs that are using Statistical Inventory Reconciliation (SIR) monitoring?

- a) Tank integrity testing is conducted at least once every 24 months
- b) SIR test is conducted at least once every 7 days
- c) SIR test is capable of detecting a release of 0.1 gph
- d) Test report must be submitted within 30 days of the test



23 CCR 2644.1

Enhanced Leak Detection

> For existing USTs within 1000 feet of a public water well

 Sites Identified via GIS mapping database (Geographic Information System)

Affected sites notified by SWRCB



Which is the following is not a requirement for existing UST sites that are required to implement an enhanced leak detection program?

- a) Local agency must be notified at least 48 hours prior to testing
- b) ELD program implementation within 18 months of notification by SWRCB
- c) ELD testing must be conducted every 36 months
- d) ELD report must be submitted within 30 days of completion of the test



You Should Know

ELD- additional applications

SWTs within 1000' of public well

- Every 3 years

DWTs within 1000' of public well

-One time, by 1/1/05

HSC 25292.5

25292.4

2640(e) and HSC

New UST installations

-Before UST placed into use

HSC 29290.1(j)



Article 5 Release Reporting & Abatement



SW Tank with broken seam



23 CCR 2650(e)

Conditions Requiring Reporting as Unauthorized Releases:

- Release in the secondary containment or as a result of spill or overfill, not cleaned up within 8 hours
- Discovery of released hazardous substance at UST site or surrounding area
- > Unusual operation of equipment that could indicate a leak
- Monitoring results that indicate a release may have occurred

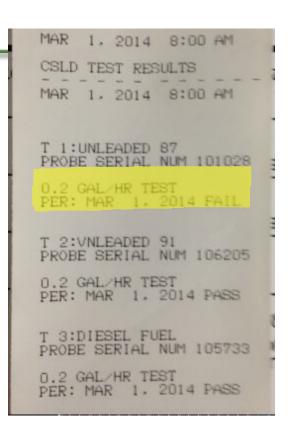


You Should Know

SWT Monitoring & Results

For SWT monitoring, it's not enough to maintain documents of the SW test results

Own/op must also follow up if there is a FAIL or other indicator of a possible leak (even if it is followed by a PASS result)





Recording an Unauthorized Release

Required for release from the primary containment:

- Cleaned up within 8 hours
- Does not escape secondary containment
- Does not increase hazard of fire or explosion
- Does not cause deterioration of secondary containment

Note: HSC 25294 contains these recordable conditions. 2650(c) provides the link to HSC



Monitoring records

> Secondary containment integrity



What information is not required when an own/op is recording a release in their monitoring records?

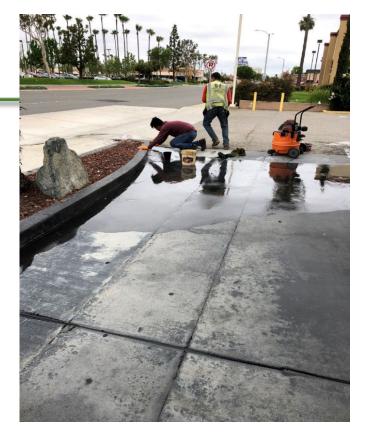
- a) Operator's name and telephone number
- b) Type and quantity of hazardous substance released
- c) Method of disposal of the released hazardous substance
- d) Manufacturer of affected secondary containment



Reporting Requirements for Releases

- > Notification
 - Timelines
- > Reporting
 - Required info
- > Investigation
- > Test results





Leak while testing LLD (Fuel on ground)

How long after detecting a reportable unauthorized release does the own/op have to submit a written report to the local agency?

- a) 8 hours
- b) **24 hours**
- c) **5 days**
- d) **30 days**



Article 6

UST Repair & Upgrade Requirements





23rd Annual California CUPA Training Conference February-March 2021

- Upgrades for USTs (non-motor vehicle fuel)
- > Tank lining
- Periodic upgrades: 1998, 2018
- > Recordkeeping
- Materials for repair



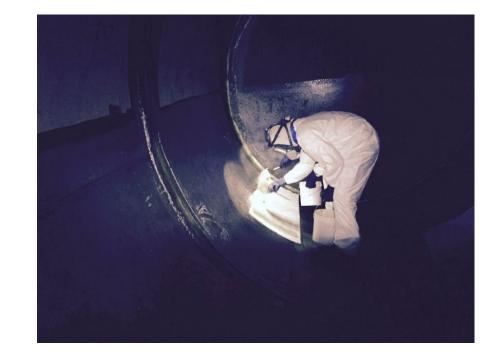
Cathodic protection rectifier panel



Tank Repair Requirements

- > Tank lining repair
- > Steel tanks

- Components that have released product
- > Testing





Which of the materials or conditions below is not consistent with repair requirements for a hole in a fiberglass tank?

- a) Fiberglass cloth with a minimum dimension of 12 x 12 inches
- b) Self-tapping bolts
- c) 2 layers of fiberglass cloth, with a minimum weight of 1.5 ounce per yard
- d) Tank tightness test within 30 days of the repair



Upgrade Requirements for Tanks (1998)

- All SW tanks other than motor vehicle fuel
 shall be retrofitted with secondary containment
- SW steel tanks: interior lining and cathodic protection
- Striker plate





You Should Know

Many current UST sites still have SW fuel tanks, but DW waste oil tanks

Waste oil tanks were not covered by 2662, which only allowed motor vehicle fuel tanks to remain SW



Interior Tank Lining Requirements

Conditions for application

- UST may only be repaired once using tank lining method
- Lining certification
- Inspection schedule





When evaluating a tank prior to using the interior tank lining method for repair, which one of the following defects will not disqualify the tank from lining repair?

- a) An open seam or split shorter than 3 inches
- b) 5 or more perforations in a one-square foot area
- c) Tank's average metal thickness is less than 75% of the original wall thickness
- d) Multiple perforations of which any single one is larger than ½ inch in diameter



Following tank lining for repair, when is the first required tank inspection by a coatings expert or special inspector?

- a) Within 6 months of lining the tank
- ы Every 12 months
- c) Every 36 months
- d) Within 120 months of lining the tank



You Should Know

Ball Float Valves after 10/1/18

- > Flow restrictor (ball float valve) may not be newly installed on vent piping in order to meet overfill prevention requirements
- > Existing ball float valves may still be used, but must be tested. If an existing ball float valve fails, it may not be replaced with a new one

Ref: 2635(d) and 2665



- > Piping Upgrade Requirements
- > Secondary containment
- > SWP: repairs & LLDs
- > UDCs installed by 12/31/2003
- > EGTs and LLDs





Article 7

UST Closure Requirements

- > Temporary closure
- > Permanent closure





Temp Closure

- Tank will be used again
- If release, must be repaired prior

Permanent Closure

Tank will not be used again

Monitoring required until completion of closure





Temporary Closure

- > All residuals removed from tank
- > Tank inerted
- Access locations sealed
- Power disconnected from pumps
- Monitoring plan may be modified
- > Inspections every 3 months
- Valid for 12 months



Which of the following is not a requirement for temp closure?

- a) UST must be inspected at least once every three months
- b) Corrosion protection shall be disconnected to prevent ignition of flammable vapors
- c) All residual liquid and solids must be removed from the tank
- d) Power service shall be disconnected from all pumps associated with the use of the UST



Permanent Closure

- > Tank removal or closure in place
- > All residuals removed from tank
- > Tank inerted
- Proper tank disposal or documentation of reuse
- Soil sampling
- Maintain sample analysis for 36 months



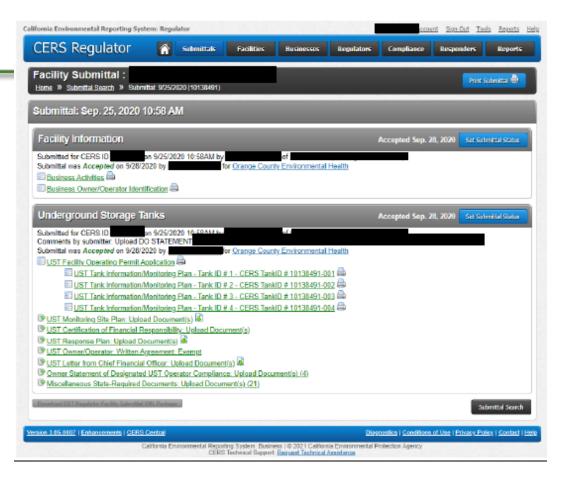
Which of the following is not a permanent closure requirement?

- a) All residual liquid and solids must be removed from the tank
- b) The owner or operator of a UST being closed shall demonstrate that no unauthorized release occurred
- All portions of the UST system must be closed in the same manner
- d) Tanks shall be inerted to reduce the possibility of explosion.



Article 10

Permit Application



- > Applicant information
- > Tank information
- > Monitoring Program
- > Financial Responsibility
- > Submittal via CERS



Polling Question 30

A UST facility is changing product storage in one of their USTs. When must the own/op notify the local agency regarding the change?

- a) Within 5 business days of the change
- b) Within 30 days of the change
- c) 30 days prior to the change
- d) Notification is not required for change in product storage



Permit Conditions

- Comply w/Article 5 Release Reporting
- > Recordkeeping
- Permit to Operate information
- Monitoring
- > Primary containment is product-tight



Which of the following information must be on the permit application?

- a) Name and address of tank owner, tank manufacturer, date of installation, tank diameter, substance stored in tank
- Name and address of tank operator, date of installation, scaled diagram, documentation of financial responsibility, Phase I Environmental Assessment
- Address of the UST location, date of installation, overfill prevention equipment, monitoring program, substance stored in tank
- d) None of the above are correct



Certification & Licensing

- > Owner statement
- > Designated Operator
- > Employee Training
- > Installers
- > Service Technicians
- > Inspectors



Which of the following may not be used to meet requirements for service technician?

- a) Class "A" General Engineering Contractor License
- b) SWRCB-issued tank testing license
- c) ICC California UST Service Technician certification
- d) ICC California UST System Operator certification
- e) Certification from manufacturer of the equipment



DO Visual Inspection

- Inspection Frequency
- > Records Review
- > Training
- Physical inspection
- Monthly report



The designated UST operator visual inspection must include which of the following?

- Review previous inspection report to verify that each compliance issue has a documented action
- b) Review testing records to verify that all required testing has been completed
- Review of alarm history to verify that each alarm condition has been documented and responded to
- d) All of the above



Article 10.5

Red Tag Authority

- > Significant Violation
- > Imminent Threat
- Affixing Red Tags
- Removing Red Tags
- > Exempt violations
- Content of Red Tags



Which of the following is not a significant violation?

- a) A violation that causes a liquid release of petroleum from a UST system
- b) A violation that impairs the ability of a UST system to detect a liquid leak
- c) A violation that has minimal probability of harm and lacks evidence of a pattern or neglect or disregard
- d) A violation that threatens to cause a liquid release of petroleum from a UST system



H & SC Chapter 6.7



Section 25281

Definitions

- > Hazardous substance
- **≻**Operator
- **>** Product tight
- **≻**Release
- ➤ Underground storage tank
- **➤** Underground tank system



Section 25281.5

"Pipe" & exclusions

- Unburied delivery hoses and nozzles
- Unburied fuel delivery piping at marinas*
- Unburied fuel piping connected to an emergency generator tank system*

*must meet additional requirements



What condition must be met in order for an owner/operator to exclude unburied fuel piping at a marina from regulation?

- a) Conduct annual line test
- b) Conduct a daily visual inspection of the piping and maintain a log
- c) Calibrate dispensing meter monthly
- d) Line leak detector that shuts off flow of product if an unauthorized release occurs



Which of the following is not included in the description of an Emergency Generator Tank System?

- a) Stores diesel fuel or kerosene*
- b) Provides power supply in the event of commercial power failure
- Used in connection with emergency system
- d) Used to provide fuel for emergency vehicles

*kerosene added in 2019. May not yet be included in test material



25281.6

Below Grade Emergency generator tanks (EGT)

Exempt from regulation as UST if:

- > All tank surfaces can be visually inspected
- Secondary containment (building structure may be used)
- Visual inspections with log
- > Total below grade volume <1320 gallons



25283.5

Visually Monitored Tanks

Exempt from regulation as UST if:

- > All tank surfaces can be visually inspected, including floor
- Secondary containment (building structure may be used)
- Weekly visual inspections with log



Section 25284

Permit to Operate, Transfer, & Compliance

May not own or operate a UST unless a permit has been issued by the local agency

> Owner/Operator agreement

> Notification within 30 days of change of ownership



Section 25285

Permit, term, Inspection, Fee

> Permits issued every five years

> No permit for sites with Red Tags or enforcement action

> No permit for nonpayment of fees



A permit to operate can be issued by the local agency in all of the following circumstances except?

- a) The operator is not the owner of the tank
- b) The UST system is in temporary closure
- c) The own/op has not paid UST fees
- d) The UST monitoring system does not shutdown the pump when a leak is detected



Section 25286

Permit Application or Renewal

Application to the CUPA by the owner or operator

Via CERS





Which of the following is not required information as part of the permit application?

- a) Tank age, name of applicant, address of tank manufacturer
- b) Tank size, substance stored, address of the UST facility
- Tank construction, description of monitoring program, Board of equalization number
- d) Tank age, substance stored, name and number of contact person in the event of an emergency



Requirements for the permit application are found in HSC 25286, as well as in which Article of 23 CCR?

- a) Article 2
- b) Article 3
- c) Article 4
- d) Article 10



Section 25290.1

Tanks Installed after July 1, 2004

> "Product tight" primary and secondary containment

Tank interstitial monitoring: brine, pressure, vacuum (VPH)

> "Pipe" includes vent and vapor recovery lines, fill pipes



Underground storage tanks installed on or after July 1, 2004 must meet all of the following conditions except:

- a) Secondary containment shall be product tight
- b) Secondary containment shall be tested upon installation, six months after installation, and at least once every 36 months thereafter
- c) The interstitial space of the storage tank shall be maintained under constant vacuum or pressure, or the interstitial liquid level measurement method shall be used
- d) Automatic line leak detector must be installed on pressurized piping



Other Installation Dates

Between July 1, 2003 and July 1, 2004 (see 25290.2)

> After January 1, 1984 (see 25291)

> Pre-January 1, 1984 (see 25292)



You Should Know

The only difference between 25290.1 (on/after July 1, 2004) and 25290.2 (July 1, 2003-July 1, 2004) tank requirements is monitoring

Secondary containment of the 2004 or later tanks must be maintained under constant vacuum, pressure, or hydrostatic monitoring 25290.1(e)



Requirements specific for USTs* installed after January 1, 1984 are found in HSC 25291, as well as in which Article of 23 CCR?

- a) Article 2
- b) Article 3
- c) Article 4
- d) Article 10

*non-farm tanks



Requirements specific for USTs installed before January 1, 1984 are found in HSC 25292, as well as in which Article of 23 CCR?

- a) Article 2
- b) Article 3
- c) Article 4
- d) Article 10



Section 25292.05

Permanent Closure of SW USTs

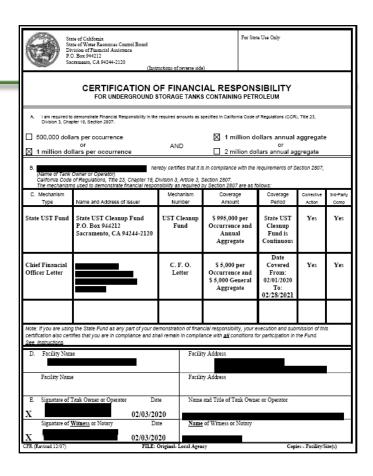
All single-walled tanks or components must be closed prior to 12/31/25



Section 25292.2

Financial Responsibility

- > Corrective action
- Compensation to third parties for bodily injury





Section 25292.3

Red Tags

- > Imminent Threat
 - May apply Red Tag immediately

- Significant Violation
 - Issue Notice of Significant Violation



Which of the following is not prohibited with respect to a UST that has a Red Tag affixed to the fill pipe?

- Notify local agency when significant violation has been corrected
- b) Deposit of petroleum into the UST with Red Tag
- c) Withdrawal from UST with Red Tag
- d) Alter or tamper with Red Tag



Requirements for Red Tags are found in HSC 25292.3, as well as in which Article of 23 CCR?

- a) Article 6.7
- b) Article 7
- c) Article 10
- d) Article 10.5
- e) Article 12



Section 25292.4 and 25292.5

- Enhanced Leak Detection (ELD)
- > USTs within 1000' of public drinking water well

SWTs

= ELD monitoring program (test every 3 years)

DWTs

= one time ELD testing by January 1, 2005



Requirements for ELD testing of SWTs are found in HSC 25292.4, as well as in which section of Article 4 of 23 CCR?

- a) Section 2641
- b) Section 2643
- c) Section 2644.1
- d) Section 2647
- e) Section 2648



Section 25294 and 25295

Release Recording

Release Reporting



Requirements for unauthorized release reporting are found in HSC 25295, as well as in which section of Article 5 of 23 CCR?

- a) Section 2651
- b) Section 2652
- c) Section 2655
- d) Section 2711
- e) Section 2717



After detecting a reportable unauthorized release, how long does the own/op have to report it to the local agency?

- a) 8 hours
- b) **24 hours**
- c) **5 days**
- d) 30 days



Section 25296

Interior Tank Lining & Repair Requirements

- UST may only be repaired once using tank lining method
- Special Inspector
- Tank Integrity test after repair





Requirements for repairing a tank using an interior coating/lining are found in HSC 25296, as well as in which section of Article 6 of 23 CCR?

- a) Section 2663
- b) Section 2664
- c) Section 2665
- d) Section 2666



Section 25298

Tank Closure

> Abandonment

> Permanent Closure

> Temporary Closure



Requirements for temporary closure of a UST are found in HSC 25298, as well as in which section of Article 7 of 23 CCR?

- a) Section 2650
- **b) Section 2666**
- c) Section 2671
- d) Section 2672



Section 25299- Violations & Penalties

\$500-5000

- (a) Operator Penalties
- (b) Owner Penalties

Up to \$5000

- (c) Failure to notify, false information
- (e) Red Tag violations



\$500-5000

- > Operating without a permit
- > Failure to comply with permit reqs
- > Failure to report unauthorized release
- Failure to properly close UST
- Making false statement/representation



25299- More Violations & Penalties

\$5000-10,000, 1 year imprisonment

- > Falsification of monitoring records
- > Failure to report unauthorized release (intentional)
- > Tampering

Up to \$10,000

Corrective action violation



What is the maximum penalty for a tank owner who fails to obtain a permit to operate?

- a) \$500
- b) \$5,000
- c) \$10,000
- d) Imprisonment in the county jail for one year



PEI/RP500/900/1200

Recommended Practices

500- Inspection/Maintenance of Dispensing Equipment

900- Inspection/Maintenance of UST Systems

1200- Testing of Spill, Overfill, Leak Detection, and Secondary Containment



RP- 900

Which of the following is a method of corrosion protection that utilizes a rectifier and buried anodes to protect buried metal from corrosion via an electric current?

- a) Galvanic cathodic protection
- b) Voltaic cathodic protection
- c) Impressed-current cathodic protection
- d) Variable resistance cathodic protection



RP 1200

Which of the following is an overfill prevention device that restricts flow into the tank by blocking the vent opening?

- a) Flapper valve
- b) Check valve
- c) Drop tube shutoff valve
- d) Ball float valve



Title 8 CCR

Confined Spaces



Which of the following means the displacement of the atmosphere in a permit space by a noncombustible gas to such an extent that the resulting atmosphere is noncombustible?

- a) Nullifying
- ы Transneutralizing
- c) Normalizing
- d) Inerting



A confined space is defined as having all of the following except:

- a) Large enough so that an employee can enter and perform work
- b) Limited means for entry or exit
- Contains potential hazard or harmful condition
- d) Not designed for continuous employee occupancy



True or False Review



Poll-1

True or False?

A service technician may install monitoring equipment on a UST system



True or False?

In UST law, the definition of "Person" includes corporations, cities, and the United States



True or False?

When installing primary piping, the joints are not required to be pressure and soap tested because the system will be maintained under constant vacuum, pressure, or hydrostatic monitoring



True or False?

Periodic secondary containment testing is not required on UST systems that utilize vacuum, pressure, or hydrostatic monitoring of both the primary and secondary containment



True or False

Tank Pad is defined as the 12 inch layer of pea gravel that a tank is placed upon in the tank pit during installation [RP900]



True or False?

A ball float valve used to meet overfill prevention requirements fails periodic testing. It may be replaced if the UST system was installed prior to January 1, 1984



True or False?

The permit application must include the UST manufacturer, date of installation, tank capacity, and overfill prevention equipment



True or False?

The own/op of a SWT using continuous in-tank leak detection for monitoring observes 3 failed tests followed by a passed test. Since there is a passing result, the owner does not need to investigate or follow up.



True or False?

An oxygen deficient atmosphere means an atmosphere containing less than 17.5% oxygen



True or False?

UST monitoring programs must include frequency of monitoring, name of the designated operator, and the location of monitoring as identified on a plot plan



True or False?

A 1500 gallon farm tank installed in 1982 used for diesel storage is excluded from the definition of underground storage tank



True or False?

A tank tester may have their license suspended for using fraud or deception in the course of doing business as a tank tester



True or False?

An own/op zip ties the turbine sump sensor to the electrical conduit to avoid turbine shutdown during rainy season. The maximum monetary penalty for this violation is \$5000.



True or False?

An own/op zip ties the turbine sump sensor to the electrical conduit to avoid turbine shutdown during rainy season. The own/op can be imprisoned for this violation.



True or False?

A Red Tag may only be removed from the UST system by the local agency



True or False?

After affixing a Red Tag to the fill pipe of a noncompliant UST system, the local agency may issue a written directive to the own/op to empty the noncompliant UST system



True or False?

Own/ops that change the substance stored in the UST must notify the local agency within 30 days of the change



True or False?

State or Federal agencies may own or operate a UST without being issued a permit to operate by the local agency



True or False?

A SW UST received failed automatic tank gauging results, and also failed an integrity test. Temporary closure is an option until the facility can afford to replace the tanks.



True or False?

In 23 CCR, "operator" means an individual who is employed on site at a UST facility and who may be called upon to respond to spills, overfills, or problems with UST operation



True or False?

When affixing a red tag for a significant violation that poses an imminent threat, the local agency must notify the owner within 7 business days of affixing a red tag



True or False?

Pressurized piping that is continuously monitored using a vacuum, pressure, or hydrostatic method is not required to have an automatic line leak detector



True or False?

Overfill prevention equipment must be inspected every 12 months



True or False?

When conducting secondary containment testing in accordance with PEI1200, the test duration for a 15,000 gallon tank interstitial is 2 hours



True or False?

Striker plates must be installed below all accessible UST openings and shall be at least 1/8" thick if made of steel



True or False?

A drop tube-mounted bottom protector may not be used to meet the striker plate requirement



True or False?

A Red Tag must contain the following wording "PETROLEUM DELIVERY PROHIBITED"



True or False?

Spill container testing must be conducted by a service technician



True or False?

In-ground liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) tanks are excluded from the definition of underground storage tank



True or False?

Both the owner and operator of an underground storage tank are responsible for complying with UST laws



True or False?

UST monitoring programs must include a leak response plan





Any Questions?

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